STATE OF MISSOURI

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

MISSOURI CLEAN WATER COMMISSION



MISSOURI STATE OPERATING PERMIT

In compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law, (Chapter 644 R.S. Mo. as amended, hereinafter, the Law), and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (Public Law 92-500, 92nd Congress) as amended,

Pollution Control Act (Public Law 92	500, 92 Congress) as amended,
Permit No.	MO-0108472
Owner: Address:	Front Street Remedial Action Corporation 8900 E. Front St., Box 34192, Kansas City, MO 64106-2140
Continuing Authority: Address:	Same as above Same as above
Facility Name: Facility Address:	Conservation Chemical Company Site 8900 Front Street, Kansas City, MO 64120
Legal Description: Latitude/Longitude:	NE ¹ / ₄ , NW ¹ / ₄ , Sec. 29, T50N, R32W, Jackson County +3907537/-09428238
Receiving Stream: First Classified Stream and ID: USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.:	Missouri River (P) 303d list Missouri River (P) (00356) (10300101-010070)
is authorized to discharge from the faci as set forth herein:	ility described herein, in accordance with the effluent limitations and monitoring requirements
pH adjustment and filtration. Design flow is 0.432 MGD. Average flow is 0.298 MGD. This permit authorizes only wastewater	isting of equalization, hydroxide metal precipitation, biological treatment, activated carbon, , are discharges under the Missouri Clean Water Law and the National Pollutant Discharge to other regulated areas. This permit may be appealed in accordance with Section 644.051.6 or
March 17, 2006 Effective Date	Doyle Childers, Director, Department of Natural Resources Executive Secretary, Clean Water Commission

Edward Galbraith, Director of Staff, Clean Water Commission

March 16, 2011
Expiration Date

MO 780-0041 (10-93)

PAGE NUMBER 2 of 9

A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

PERMIT NUMBER MO-0108472

The permittee is authorized to discharge from outfall(s) with serial number(s) as specified in the application for this permit. The final effluent limitations shall become effective upon issuance and remain in effect until expiration of the permit. Such discharges shall be controlled, limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

OVERALL NUMBER AND FEET LIENT		FINAL EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS		MONITORING REQUIREMENTS		
OUTFALL NUMBER AND EFFLUENT PARAMETER(S)	UNITS	DAILY MAXIMUM	WEEKLY AVERAGE	MONTHLY AVERAGE	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE
Outfall #001						
(Note 1)						
Flow	MGD	*		*	once/quarter***	24 hour total
Metals						
Arsenic	μg/L	160		80	once/quarter***	grab
Copper	μg/L	100		50	once/quarter***	grab
Beryllium	μg/L	40		20	once/quarter***	grab
Cadmium	μg/L	100		50	once/quarter***	grab
Chromium	μg/L	400		200	once/quarter***	grab
Nickel	μg/L	3980		2380	once/quarter***	grab
Zinc	μg/L	2610		1480	once/quarter***	grab
Lead	μg/L	100		50	once/quarter***	grab
Mercury	μg/L	5		2	once/quarter***	grab
Cyanide, Amenable to Chlorination	μg/L	370		220	once/quarter***	grab
Cyanide, Total		1200		650	once/quarter***	arah
Conventional	μg/L	1200		030	once/quarter	grab
Biochemical Oxygen Demand ₅ (Note 1)	mg/L	*		*	once/quarter***	grab
Chemical Oxygen Demand (Note 1)	mg/L	4000		3000	once/quarter***	grab
pH – Units	SU	**		**	once/quarter***	grab

MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED <u>QUARTERLY</u>; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE <u>July 28, 2006</u>. THERE SHALL BE NO DISCHARGE OF FLOATING SOLIDS OR VISIBLE FOAM IN OTHER THAN TRACE AMOUNTS.

B. STANDARD CONDITIONS

IN ADDITION TO SPECIFIED CONDITIONS STATED HEREIN, THIS PERMIT IS SUBJECT TO THE ATTACHED $\underline{Part\ I}$ STANDARD CONDITIONS DATED $\underline{October\ 1,\ 1980}$, AND HEREBY INCORPORATED AS THOUGH FULLY SET FORTH HEREIN.

PAGE NUMBER 3 of 9

A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

PERMIT NUMBER MO-0108472

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and the second second second second		FINAL EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS			MONITORING REQUIREMENTS	
OUTFALL NUMBER AND EFFLUENT PARAMETER(S)	UNITS	DAILY MAXIMUM	WEEKLY AVERAGE	MONTHLY AVERAGE	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE
Outfall #001 (continued)						
Volatile Organics						
Trichloroethylene	μg/L	10		5	once/quarter***	grab
Dichloroethanes	μg/L	10		5	once/quarter***	grab
Trichloroethanes	μg/L	10		5	once/quarter***	grab
1,1-dichloroethylene	μg/L	10		5	once/quarter***	grab
1,2-dichloroethylene	μg/L	10		5	once/quarter***	grab
Chloroform	μg/L	10		5	once/quarter***	grab
Carbon tetrachloride	μg/L	10		5	once/quarter***	grab
Methylene chloride	μg/L	10		5	once/quarter***	grab
Pesticides						
Demeton	μg/L	*		*	once/quarter***	grab
Malathion	μg/L	*		*	once/quarter***	grab
Endosulfan	μg/L	*		*	once/quarter***	grab
Parathion	μg/L	*		*	once/quarter***	grab
Guthion	μg/L	*		*	once/quarter***	grab
Phenols						
Phenols, total	μg/L	800		400	once/quarter***	grab
2,4-dichlorophenol	μg/L	100		50	once/quarter***	grab
2,4,6-trichlorophenol	μg/L	100		50	once/quarter***	grab
2,4-dimethylphenol	μg/L	100		50	once/quarter***	grab
4 methylphenol	μg/L	340		170	once/quarter***	grab
2 methylphenol	μg/L	320		160	once/quarter***	grab

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A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

PAGE NUMBER 4 of 9

PERMIT NUMBER MO-0108472

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		FINAL EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS		MONITORING REQUIREMENTS		
OUTFALL NUMBER AND EFFLUENT PARAMETER(S)	UNITS	DAILY MAXIMUM	WEEKLY AVERAGE	MONTHLY AVERAGE	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE
Outfall #001 - Persistent, Bioaccumulative S	ubstances and	l Potential Ca	arcinogens			
2,3,7,8 – TCDD	μg/L	****		****	once/quarter***	grab
PCB's	μg/L	****		****	once/quarter***	grab
Endrin	μg/L	****		****	once/quarter***	grab
Aldrin	μg/L	****		****	once/quarter***	grab
Dieldrin	μg/L	****		****	once/quarter***	grab
Heptachlor	μg/L	****		****	once/quarter***	grab
Methoxychlor	μg/L	****		****	once/quarter***	grab
Mirex	μg/L	****		****	once/quarter***	grab
Toxaphene	μg/L	****		****	once/quarter***	grab
Lindane	μg/L	****		****	once/quarter***	grab
a,b,d - BHC	μg/L	****		****	once/quarter***	grab
Acrylonitrile	μg/L	****		****	once/quarter***	grab
Hexachlorobenzene	μg/L	****		****	once/quarter***	grab
Hexachloroethane	μg/L	****		****	once/quarter***	grab
3,3-dichlorobenzidine	μg/L	****		****	once/quarter***	grab
1,2-diphenylhydrazine	μg/L	****		****	once/quarter***	grab
bis-(2)-chloroethylether	μg/L	****		****	once/quarter***	grab
Hexachlorobutadiene	μg/L	****		****	once/quarter***	grab
n-nitrosodimethylanine	μg/L	****		****	once/quarter***	grab
Others Ammonia as N	mg/L	*		*	once/quarter***	grab
Ethyl benzene	μg/L	3000		2000	once/quarter***	grab
Benzene	μg/L	10		5	once/quarter***	grab
Total phthalates MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMIT	μg/L	300	EID OF TOTAL	200	once/quarter***	grab

MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED QUARTERLY; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE July 28, 2006. THERE SHALL BE NO DISCHARGE OF FLOATING SOLIDS OR VISIBLE FOAM IN OTHER THAN TRACE AMOUNTS.

B. STANDARD CONDITIONS

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		FINAL EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS			MONITORING REQUIREMENTS	
OUTFALL NUMBER AND EFFLUENT PARAMETER(S)	UNITS	DAILY MAXIMUM	WEEKLY AVERAGE	MONTHLY AVERAGE	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE
Others (continued)						
Halogenated benzene	μg/L	40		25	once/quarter***	grab
Vinyl chloride	μg/L	2		1	once/quarter***	grab
PAH's	μg/L	30		15	once/quarter***	grab
Toluene	μg/L	10		5	once/quarter***	grab
Acetone	μg/L	1500		1000	once/quarter***	grab
2 butanone	μg/L	2000		1400	once/quarter***	grab
4 methyl-2-pentanone	μg/L	1500		1000	once/quarter***	grab
Benzoic acid	μg/L	500		250	once/quarter***	grab
MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED QUARTERLY; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE July 28, 2006.						
Whale Effhant Tanisita (WET)	0/		22.2			24 h
Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET)	%		33.3		once/year in June	24 hr. composite
Test LC50					111 3 4110	composite

MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED <u>ANNUALLY</u>; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE <u>October 28, 2006.</u> THERE SHALL BE NO DISCHARGE OF FLOATING SOLIDS OR VISIBLE FOAM IN OTHER THAN TRACE AMOUNTS.

B. STANDARD CONDITIONS

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MO 780-0010 (8/91)

A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS (continued)

- * Monitoring requirement only.
- ** pH is measured in pH units and is not to be averaged. The pH is limited to the range of 6.0-9.0 pH units.
- *** Sample once per quarter in the months of January, April, July & October.
- **** None detected at 1 µg/L.

Ground Water Monitoring Parameter (Influent) – Once a quarter an influent sample shall be analyzed to determine the concentration of all parameters that have effluent limits.

Note 1 – Any variations that exceed the previous sample by more than 50% shall be investigated and the causes for the increase determined and reported to the Missouri Department of Natural Resources with the next monitoring report.

C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS

- 1. This permit may be reopened and modified, or alternatively revoked and reissued, to:
 - (a) Comply with any applicable effluent standard or limitation issued or approved under Sections 301(b)(2)(C) and (D), 304(b)(2), and 307(a) (2) of the Clean Water Act, if the effluent standard or limitation so issued or approved:
 - (1) contains different conditions or is otherwise more stringent than any effluent limitation in the permit; or
 - (2) controls any pollutant not limited in the permit.
 - (b) Incorporate new or modified effluent limitations or other conditions, if the result of a waste load allocation study, toxicity test or other information indicates changes are necessary to assure compliance with Missouri's Water Quality Standards.
 - (c) Incorporate new or modified effluent limitations or other conditions if, as the result of a watershed analysis, a Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) limitation is developed for the receiving waters which are currently included in Missouri's list of waters of the state not fully achieving the state's water quality standards, also called the 303(d) list.

The permit as modified or reissued under this paragraph shall also contain any other requirements of the Clean Water Act then applicable.

- 2. All outfalls must be clearly marked in the field.
- 3. Permittee will cease discharge by connection to areawide wastewater treatment system within 90 days of notice of its availability.
- 4. Changes in Discharges of Toxic Substances

The permittee shall notify the Director as soon as it knows or has reason to believe:

- (a) That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in the discharge of any toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following "notification levels:"
 - (1) One hundred micrograms per liter (100 μ g/L);
 - (2) Two hundred micrograms per liter (200 μ g/L) for acrolein and acrylonitrile; five hundred micrograms per liter (500 μ g/L) for 2,5 dinitrophenol and for 2-methyl-4, 6-dinitrophenol; and one milligram per liter (1 mg/L) for antimony;
 - (3) Five (5) times the maximum concentration value reported for the pollutant in the permit application;
 - (4) The level established in Part A of the permit by the Director.
- (b) That they have begun or expect to begin to use or manufacture as an intermediate or final product or byproduct any toxic pollutant, which was not reported in the permit application.
- (c) That the effluent limit established in part A of the permit will be exceeded.
- 5. Report as no-discharge when a discharge does not occur during the report period.
- 6. Water Quality Standards
 - (a) Discharges to waters of the state shall not cause a violation of water quality standards rule under 10 CSR 20-7.031, including both specific and general criteria.
 - (b) General Criteria. The following general water quality criteria shall be applicable to all waters of the state at all times including mixing zones. No water contaminant, by itself or in combination with other substances, shall prevent the waters of the state from meeting the following conditions:
 - (1) Waters shall be free from substances in sufficient amounts to cause the formation of putrescent, unsightly or harmful bottom deposits or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses;
 - (2) Waters shall be free from oil, scum and floating debris in sufficient amounts to be unsightly or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses;
 - (3) Waters shall be free from substances in sufficient amounts to cause unsightly color or turbidity, offensive odor or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses;
 - (4) Waters shall be free from substances or conditions in sufficient amounts to result in toxicity to human, animal or aquatic life:
 - (5) There shall be no significant human health hazard from incidental contact with the water;
 - (6) There shall be no acute toxicity to livestock or wildlife watering;
 - (7) Waters shall be free from physical, chemical or hydrologic changes that would impair the natural biological community;

Waters shall be free from used tires, car bodies, appliances, demolition debris, used vehicles or equipment and solid waste as defined in Missouri's Solid Waste Law, section 260.200, RSMo, except as the use of such materials is specifically permitted pursuant to section 260.200-260.247.

C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS (continued)

7. Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) tests shall be conducted as follows:

SUMMARY OF WET TESTING FOR THIS PERMIT							
OUTFALL	A.E.C. %	FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE	MONTH			
001	10% LC50 =33.3 %	Annual	24 hour Composite	June			

- (a) Test Schedule and Follow-Up Requirements
 - (1) Perform a MULTIPLE-dilution test in the months and at the frequency specified above. For tests which are successfully passed, submit test results using the Department's WET test report form #MO-780-1899 along with complete copies of the test reports as received from the laboratory, including copies of chain-of-custody forms within 30 calendar days of availability to the WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102. If the effluent passes the test, do not repeat the test until the next test period.
 - (a) For discharges of stormwater, samples shall be collected within three hours from when discharge first occurs.
 - (b) Samples submitted for analysis of stormwater discharges shall be collected as a grab.
 - For discharges of non-stormwater, samples shall be collected only when precipitation has not occurred for a period of forty-eight hours prior to sample collection. In no event shall sample collection occur simultaneously with the occurrence of precipitation excepting for stormwater samples.
 - (d) A twenty-four hour composite sample shall be submitted for analysis of non-stormwater discharges.
 - (e) Upstream receiving water samples, where required, shall be collected upstream from any influence of the effluent where downstream flow is clearly evident.
 - (f) Samples submitted for analysis of upstream receiving water may be collected as either a grab or twenty-four-hour composite as appropriate to the nature of the discharge.
 - (g) Chemical and physical analysis of the upstream control and effluent sample shall occur immediately upon being received by the laboratory, prior to any manipulation of the effluent sample beyond preservation methods consistent with federal guidelines for WET testing that are required to stabilize the sample during shipping.
 - (h) Any and all chemical or physical analysis of the effluent sample performed in conjunction with the WET test shall be performed at the 100% Effluent concentration in addition to analyses performed upon any other effluent concentration.
 - (i) All chemical analyses included in the Missouri Department of Natural Resources WET test report form #MO-780-1899 shall be performed and results shall be recorded in the appropriate field of the report form.
 - (j) Where flow-weighted composite sample is required for analysis, the samples shall be composited at the laboratory where the test is to be performed.
 - (k) Where in stream testing is required downstream from the discharge, sample collection shall occur immediately below the established Zone of Initial Dilution in conjunction with or immediately following a release or discharge.
 - (1) Samples submitted for analysis of downstream receiving water may be collected as either a grab or twenty-four-hour composite as appropriate to the nature of the discharge.
 - (m) All instream samples, including downstream samples, shall be tested for toxicity at the 100% concentration in addition to any other assigned AEC for in-stream samples.
 - (2) All failing test results along with complete copies of the test reports as received from the laboratory, INCLUDING THOSE TESTS CONDUCTED UNDER CONDITION (3) BELOW, shall be reported to the WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102 within 14 calendar days of the availability of the results.
 - (3) If the effluent fails the test, a multiple dilution test shall be performed within 30 calendar days and biweekly thereafter, until one of the following conditions are met:
 - (a) THREE CONSECUTIVE MULTIPLE-DILUTION TESTS PASS. No further tests need to be performed until next regularly scheduled test period.
 - (b) A TOTAL OF THREE MULTIPLE-DILUTION TESTS FAIL.

C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS (continued)

- (4) Failure of at least two multiple-dilution tests during any period of accelerated monitoring violates the permit narrative requirement for aquatic life protection.
- (5) The permittee shall submit a summary of all test results for the test series along with complete copies of the test reports as received from the laboratory to the WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102 within 14 calendar days of the third failed test.
- (6) Additionally, the following shall apply upon failure of the third MULTIPLE DILUTION test: A toxicity identification evaluation (TIE) or toxicity reduction evaluation (TRE) is automatically triggered. The permittee shall contact THE WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM within 14 calendar days from availability of the test results to ascertain as to whether a TIE or TRE is appropriate. The permittee shall submit a plan for conducting a TIE or TRE to the WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM within 60 calendar days of the date of DNR's direction to perform either a TIE or TRE. This plan must be approved by DNR before the TIE or TRE is begun. A schedule for completing the TIE or TRE shall be established in the plan approval.
- (7) Upon DNR's approval, the TIE/TRE schedule may be modified if toxicity is intermittent during the TIE/TRE investigations. A revised WET test schedule may be established by DNR for this period.
- (8) If a previously completed TIE has clearly identified the cause of toxicity, additional TIEs will not be required as long as effluent characteristics remain essentially unchanged and the permittee is proceeding according to a DNR approved schedule to complete a TRE and reduce toxicity. Regularly scheduled WET testing as required in the permit, without the follow-up requirements, will be required during this period.
- (9) When WET test sampling is required to run over one DMR period, each DMR report shall contain a copy of the Department's WET test report form that was generated during the reporting period.
- (10) Submit a concise summary in tabular format of all WET test results with the annual report.

(b) PASS/FAIL procedure and effluent limitations:

- (1) To pass a multiple-dilution test:
 - (a) For facilities with A computed percent effluent at the edge of the zone of initial dilution, Allowable Effluent Concentration (AEC), OF 30% OR LESS THE AEC must be less than three-tenths (0.3) of the LC₅₀ concentration for the most sensitive of the test organisms; **OR**,
 - (b) For facilities with an AEC greater than 30% the LC50 concentration must be greater than 100%; **AND**,
 - (c) all effluent concentrations equal to or less than the AEC must be nontoxic. Mortality observed in all effluent concentrations equal to or less than the AEC shall not be significantly different (at the 95% confidence level; p = 0.05) than that observed in the upstream receiving-water control sample. Where upstream receiving water is not available mortality observed in the AEC test concentration shall not be significantly different (at the 95% confidence level; p = 0.05) than that observed in the laboratory control. The appropriate statistical tests of significance shall be consistent with the most current edition of METHODS FOR MEASURING THE ACUTE TOXICITY OF EFFLUENTS AND RECEIVING WATERS TO FRESHWATER AND MARINE ORGANISMS or other federal guidelines as appropriate or required. Failure of one multiple-dilution test may be considered an effluent limit violation.

(c) Test Conditions

- (1) Test Type: Acute Static non-renewal
- (2) Test species: Ceriodaphnia dubia and Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow). Organisms used in WET testing shall come from cultures reared for the purpose of conducting toxicity tests and cultured in a manner consistent with the most current USEPA guidelines. All test animals shall be cultured as described in the most current edition of Methods for Measuring the Acute Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Freshwater and Marine Organisms.
- (3) Test period: 48 hours at the "Acceptable Effluent Concentration" (AEC) specified above.
- (4) Upstream receiving stream water shall be used as dilution water. If upstream water is unavailable or if mortality in the upstream water exceeds 10%, "reconstituted" water will be used as dilution water. Procedures for generating reconstituted water will be supplied by the MDNR upon request.
- (5) Multiple-dilution tests will be run with:
 - (a) 100%, 50%, 25%, 12.5%, and 6.25% effluent, unless the AEC is less than 25% effluent, in which case dilutions will be 4 times the AEC, two times the AEC, AEC, 1/2 AEC and 1/4 AEC;
 - (b) 100% receiving-stream water (if available), collected upstream of the outfall at a point beyond any influence of the effluent; and
 - (c) reconstituted water.
- (6) If reconstituted-water control mortality for a test species exceeds 10%, the entire test will be rerun.
- (7) If upstream control mortality exceeds 10%, the entire test will be rerun using reconstituted water as the dilutant.

SUMMARY OF TEST METHODOLOGY FOR WHOLE-EFFLUENT TOXICITY TESTS

Whole-effluent-toxicity test required in NPDES permits shall use the following test conditions when performing single or multiple dilution methods. Any future changes in methodology will be supplied to the permittee by the Missouri Department of Natural Resources (MDNR). Unless more stringent methods are specified by the DNR, the procedures shall be consistent with the most current edition of Methods for Measuring the Acute Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Freshwater and Marine Organisms,

Test conditions for Ceriodaphnia dubia:

Test duration: 48 h

Temperature: $25 \pm 1^{\circ}$ C Temperatures shall not deviate by more than 3° C during

the test.

Light Quality: Ambient laboratory illumination

Photoperiod: 16 h light, 8 h dark
Size of test vessel: 30 mL (minimum)
Volume of test solution: 15 mL (minimum)

Age of test organisms: <24 h old

No. of animals/test vessel: 5
No. of replicates/concentration: 4

No. of organisms/concentration: 20 (minimum)

Feeding regime: None (feed prior to test)

Aeration: None

Dilution water: Upstream receiving water; if no upstream flow, synthetic water

modified to reflect effluent hardness.

Endpoint: Pass/Fail (Statistically significant Mortality when compared to

upstream receiving water control or synthetic control if upstream

water was not available at $p \le 0.05$)

Test acceptability criterion: 90% or greater survival in controls

Test conditions for (Pimephales promelas):

No. of organisms/concentration:

Test duration: 48 h

Temperature: $25 \pm 1^{\circ}$ C Temperatures shall not deviate by more than 3° C during

the test

Light Quality: Ambient laboratory illumination

Photoperiod: 16 h light/ 8 h dark
Size of test vessel: 250 mL (minimum)
Volume of test solution: 200 mL (minimum)
Age of test organisms: 1-14 days (all same age)

No. of animals/test vessel:

No. of replicates/concentration: 4 (minimum) single dilution method

2 (minimum) multiple dilution method 40 (minimum) single dilution method 20 (minimum) multiple dilution method

Feeding regime: None (feed prior to test)

Aeration: None, unless DO concentration falls below 4.0 mg/L; rate should

not exceed 100 bubbles/min.

Dilution water: Upstream receiving water; if no upstream flow, synthetic water

modified to reflect effluent hardness.

Endpoint: Pass/Fail (Statistically significant Mortality when compared to

upstream receiving water control or synthetic control if upstream

water was not available at p ≤ 0.05)

Test Acceptability criterion: 90% or greater survival in controls

Date of Fact Sheet: Date of Public Notice:

NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM (NPDES) PERMIT FACT SHEET

This Fact Sheet explains the applicable regulations, rationale for development of this permit and the public participation process.

NPDES PERMIT NUMBER: MO-0108472

FACILITY NAME: Conservation Chemical Company Site

OWNER NAME: Front Street Remedial Action Corporation

LOCATION: NE, NW, Sec 29, T50N, R32W, Jackson County

RECEIVING STREAM: Missouri River (P) 303d

FACILITY DESCRIPTION AND RATIONALE:

This permit will be issued for a period of 5 years.

Front Street Remedial Action Corporation, 1400 Commerce Bank Building, 1000 Walnut Street, Kansas City, Missouri 64106-2140 has applied for reissuance of a permit for a ground water treatment facility to serve the Front Street Remedial, Conservation Chemical Company Site, 8900 Front Street, Kansas City, Missouri 64120. The Standard Industrial Classificationt (SIC) code is 9999.

The requested authorization is for one (1) wastewater discharge from a treatment system consisting of: equalization, pH adjustment, clarification, biological reactors, sand filters, carbon columns, and filtration. Wastewater results from the treatment of ground water contaminated by a number of organic and inorganic pollutants. The proposed discharge will be to the Missouri River (West Central Tribs. to Missouri River Basin), in the NE ¼, NW ¼, Sec. 29, T50N, R32W, Jackson County, Missouri. The beneficial water uses (as listed in 10 CSR 20-7.031) are: irrigation, livestock watering, wildlife watering, protection of aquatic life, boating, drinking water supply and industrial uses.

The proposed effluent limitations are based on the "Best Professional Judgement" of the Department's staff and the 1987 Record of Decision. The acceptable Effluent Concentration of the Whole Effluent Toxicity test is 0.27%, therefore the 10% minimum AEC must be used. The LC50 is 0.9%.

WET TEST CALCULATION

7Q10 = 10,000 CFS 10,000 * 0.25 = 2500 (mz) 2500 * 0.1 = 250 CFS (zid)

Outfall 001

0.432 MGD * 1.55 = 0.67 CFS

0.67 = 0.0027 250 + 0.67

= 10% minimum, by default

LC50 = 10% / 0.3 = 33.3%